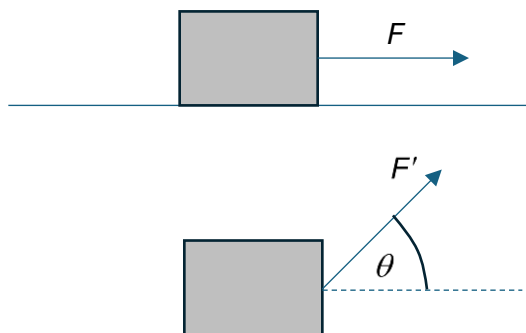


Teacher notes

Topic A

A little friction problem

A block of mass m is pushed along a horizontal rough surface with a horizontal force of magnitude F . The block slides with constant speed. A force F' acts on an identical block, on the same surface. This force makes an angle θ to the horizontal. This block also moves at constant speed.



The kinetic friction coefficient is $\mu = 0.50$.

- For $\theta = 45^\circ$ what is $\frac{F'}{F}$?
- For what angle θ is this ratio minimum? (Use your GDC.)
- For which angle θ (other than 0) is the ratio equal to 1?

Answer

(a) Since both blocks move at constant speed,

$$F = \mu N = \mu mg$$

and

$$F' \cos \theta = \mu N'$$

$$F' \sin \theta + N' = mg \Rightarrow N' = mg - F' \sin \theta$$

Hence,

$$F' \cos \theta = \mu (mg - F' \sin \theta)$$

$$F' (\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta) = \mu mg$$

$$F' = \frac{\mu mg}{\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta}$$

$$F' = \frac{F}{\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta}$$

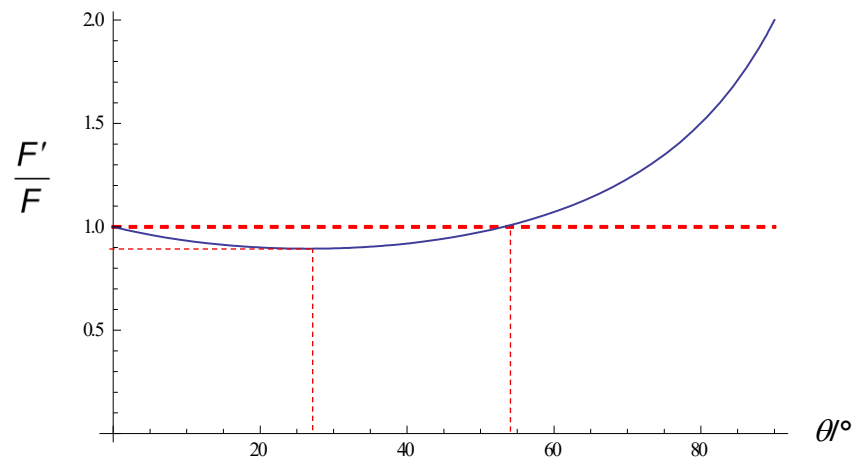
And finally:

$$\frac{F'}{F} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta}.$$

For $\theta = 45^\circ$,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{F'}{F} &= \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \\ &= \frac{4}{3\sqrt{2}} \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} \approx 0.94 \end{aligned}$$

(b) To avoid calculus, we just plot $\frac{F'}{F} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta + \frac{1}{2} \times \sin \theta}$ against θ .



The minimum is at about $\theta = 27^\circ$. The minimum value is about 0.89.

(c) From the graph the ratio is 1 at about $\theta = 53^\circ$.